IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 712

BY WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

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2	RELATING TO THE CRISIS STANDARDS OF CARE ACT; AMENDING TITLE 56, IDAHO CODE,
3	BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW CHAPTER 17, TITLE 56, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE
4	A SHORT TITLE, TO PROVIDE LEGISLATIVE INTENT, TO DEFINE TERMS, TO PRO-
5	VIDE DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND WELFARE, TO
5	PROVIDE FOR PATIENT RIGHTS UNDER CRISIS STANDARDS OF CARE, TO PROVIDE
7	GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR CRISIS STANDARDS OF CARE, TO PROVIDE FOR A HEALTH
3	CARE FACILITY MITIGATION PLAN, TO PROVIDE FOR A CERTAIN REPORT, AND TO
9	PROVIDE FOR AN OFFICE OF PATIENT OMBUDSMAN; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Title 56, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW CHAPTER</u>, to be known and designated as Chapter 17, Title 56, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

CHAPTER 17 CRISIS STANDARDS OF CARE ACT

56-1701. SHORT TITLE. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Crisis Standards of Care Act."

56-1702. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. The Idaho legislature recognizes the need for the department of health and welfare to prepare for various public health crises and natural disasters and carry out response activities when a public health crisis or natural disaster occurs. The legislature recognizes the legitimacy of preparing emergency plans and guidance to provide the most benefit possible when health care resources are limited as a result of a public health crisis or natural disaster. However, the department of health and welfare is charged with the responsibility of limiting the duration and scope of operating in crisis standards of care by using all measures that are available and within its authority. The department is further charged with the responsibility of developing long-term capacity strategies to reasonably prepare for future surges in health care demand. Such strategies shall recognize the pace of Idaho's population growth.

56-1703. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Activation" means a declaration by the director of the department of health and welfare that health care facilities may operate under crisis standards of care as necessary when scarce resource limitations preclude operating under usual standards of care.
- (2) "Crisis standards of care" means a substantial change in the usual health care operations and the level of care it is possible to deliver, justified by specific circumstances and formally declared by a state government

in recognition that crisis operations will be in effect for a sustained period.

- (3) "Declaration" means the issuance by the director of the department of health and welfare of a declaration or documentation that crisis standards of care have been activated in a particular region or statewide.
 - (4) "Department" means the Idaho department of health and welfare.
- (5) "Director" means the director of the Idaho department of health and welfare.
- (6) "Health care facilities" means hospitals, nursing facilities, and intermediate care facilities for individuals with intellectual disabilities as defined in chapter 13, title 39, Idaho Code, and residential care and assisted living facilities as defined in chapter 33, title 39, Idaho Code.
- 56-1704. DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR. The director shall have the power and duty to:
- (1) Declare that crisis standards of care are activated in a region or statewide if conditions warrant a declaration; and
- (2) Promulgate rules that are necessary to carry out the policies and purposes of this chapter.
- 56-1705. PATIENT RIGHTS UNDER CRISIS STANDARDS OF CARE. During any period of time in which crisis standards of care are activated, all existing patient rights shall be honored. These rights include but are not limited to adherence to a patient's living will, a right to informed consent, and access to in-person patient advocates and decision-makers. No patient shall be denied life-sustaining food and water, except when expressly authorized by the patient or the patient's legal representative for health care decisions. Activation of crisis standards of care does not exempt health care facilities that are:
- (1) Licensed by the state from the patient rights and grievance requirements found in IDAPA 16.03.14.220 and IDAPA 16.03.14.225 or successor rules; or
- (2) Federally certified by the centers for medicare and medicaid services from meeting the conditions of participation related to patient rights found at 42 CFR 482.13 or in a successor regulation.
- 56-1706. GUIDING PRINCIPLES UNDER CRISIS STANDARDS OF CARE. A health care facility operating under crisis standards of care must do so according to the following guiding principles:
- (1) The focus of crisis standards of care is on saving the most lives with limited health care resources, while maintaining equitable health care access for all patients;
- (2) No patients will be discriminated against based on disability, race, color, national origin, age, sex, gender, or exercise of conscience or religion;
- (3) In determining candidacy for treatment or access to critical care resources, categorical exclusions are prohibited; and
- (4) Decisions regarding candidacy for treatment should be based on individualized assessments using the best available objective medical evidence.

56-1707. HEALTH CARE FACILITY MITIGATION PLAN. Upon activation of crisis standards of care, a health care facility that requested such activation shall submit to the director within one (1) week of such activation, or as soon as feasible thereafter, a plan for mitigation of the underlying health care shortages driving the need for crisis standards of care. The plan shall include a statement regarding the known and likely impacts the crisis standards of care have on the availability and quality of health care in the affected areas as well as a projected timeline for increasing capacity sufficient to end the need for crisis standards of care.

 56-1708. DEPARTMENT REPORT. Upon activation of crisis standards of care, the director shall within one (1) week of such activation, or as soon as feasible thereafter, make a formal written report to the governor, the president pro tempore of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, the senate health and welfare committee, and the house of representatives health and welfare committee regarding the exact nature of any shortage driving the need for activation. The written report shall include a mitigation plan that addresses how the state can help support the health care facility in addressing resource shortages to limit the scope and duration of operating under crisis standards of care. If the governor has declared a disaster emergency pursuant to chapter 10, title 46, Idaho Code, due to the same or related conditions that necessitated the activation of crisis standards of care, then the director shall also include in the written report recommendations for the use of funds available in the disaster emergency account to mitigate the scarce resource limitations.

56-1709. OFFICE OF PATIENT OMBUDSMAN. If crisis standards of care are declared by the director, there will be established within the governor's office an office of patient ombudsman to receive calls, emails, and written complaints from Idaho patients or families seeking help in obtaining health care services. The ombudsman shall advocate for the rights and needs of patients negatively impacted by crisis standards of care. The office shall operate for the duration of the crisis standards of care and shall cease to operate no later than three (3) weeks after the declaration of crisis standards of care is terminated. When an office of patient ombudsman has been established, the governor's office shall provide a written report to the president pro tempore of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, the senate health and welfare committee, and the house of representatives health and welfare committee that contains the number of contacts received, cases engaged, and resolutions obtained by the office of patient ombudsman.

SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.